

Question 5 (translated from French):

We have a question concerning the case of the 250 MW block stemming from Aboriginal projects and the definition of "Aboriginal nation". Is there a distinction between the Aboriginal communities within the same First nation? For example, are Mingan (Ekuanitshit) and Uashat de Malietenam representing two different Aboriginal nations or are they part of the only one?

Note that they each have their territory in a different MRC and they recognize themselves as being two different Aboriginal communities. On the other hand, they are both a part of the Innu (Montagnais) community.

Answer 5:

Section 1.3.1.1 of the call for tenders document defines in particular the terms «Aboriginal community» et «Aboriginal nation». These definitions are from the Order-in-Council 1044-2008 *Concernant les préoccupations économiques, sociales et environnementales indiquées à la Régie de l'énergie à l'égard d'un bloc de 250 MW d'énergie éolienne issu de projets autochtones*. In Light of these definitions, the Aboriginal communities of Mingan (Ekuanitshit) and Uashat of Malietenam are both part of the Aboriginal nation Innu-Montagnais.

It is thus possible for each of these communities to submit wind farm projects of no more than 25 MW by project, but without exceeding the limit of 50 MW for the Innu-Montagnais nation.